	\mathbf{At}	the	time	of	\mathbf{the}	computation,	cumulative	decimal-digit	counts	for
D	=	103(10	³)10 ⁵ w	vere	tabul	lated, and noth	ing unexpect	ed was observe	ed. The	final
co	unts	s for e	— 2 a	nd a	$\pi - 3$	3 are as follows.				

Provide the second s						_
	0	1	2	3	4	
e	9885	10264	9855	10035	10039	-
π	9999	10137	9908	10025	9971	-
	5	6	7	8	9	
e	10034	10183	9875	9967	9863	
π	10026	10029	10025	9978	9902	

AUTHORS' SUMMARY

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47[7].—FREDERIC B. FULLER, Tables for Continuously Iterating the Exponential and Logarithm, ms. of 30 typewritten pages, 29 cm. Deposited in UMT file.

The theory of the continuous iteration of real functions of a real variable has been presented by a number of writers, including Bennett [1], Ward [2], and the present author [3].

The unique tables under review give 6D values of the continuously iterated function F(x) and its inverse G(x) for x = 0(0.001)1, with first differences, and for x = 1(0.1)3, without differences. Here F(x) represents the exponential of zero iterated x times. Typical values for integral values of x are F(0) = 0, F(1) = 1, F(2) = e, and $F(3) = e^e$.

An introduction of five pages provides details of the procedures followed in the calculation of these tables. Appended notes explain how the tables can be extended in both directions with respect to the argument and include a discussion of the effect of the F operator on the number system of algebra.

It seems appropriate to mention here a similar study of Zavrotsky [4], which, however, led to radically different tables.

J. W. W.

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^{3.} MORGAN WARD & F. B. FULLER, "The continuous iteration of real functions," Buil. Amer. Math. Soc., v. 42, 1936, pp. 393-396. 4. A. ZAVROTSKY, "Construction de una escala continua de las operaciones aritmeticas,"

^{4.} A. ZAVROTSKY, "Construccion de una escala continua de las operaciones aritmeticas," Revista Ciencia e Ingeniería de la Facultad de Ingeniería de la Universidad de los Andes, Mérida, Venezuela, December 1960, No. 7, pp. 38-53. (See Math. Comp., v. 15, 1961, pp. 299-300, RMT 63.)